

NEVADA CLIMATE SUMMARY

FOR JANUARY 1985

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SYNOPSIS

For the second consecutive month temperatures were below normal over most of Nevada. In fact, a portion of the northern one-third of the State averaged over 10 degrees below normal. In Southern Nevada, the Lake Tahoe Basin, and in the Fallon-Austin area, January averages were near normal.

Precipitation was below normal except in the center portion of Nevada and in part of the South, and for the second month in a row, well below normal in the Northwestern portion of the State. In the Sierra Nevada headwaters of three of the five principal rivers in Nevada, the Truckee, Carson and Walker Rivers, the December-January mid-winter drought is a concern for water users, even though an early February storm relieved the situation somewhat. The December-March period normally produces most of the years prcipitation in this area.

TEMPERATURE

Temperatures during December were below normal over most of Nevada, with the greatest departures in the northern one-third of the State, where Battle Mountain averaged 11.5 degrees below normal, Winnemucca 10.7° below, and Owyhee was 7.2° below normal. This was the third coldest month ever recorded in the 94 year long record at Battle Mountain (average 17.2°), surpassed only by the extremely cold months of January 1949 (average 4.7°) and January 1937 (average 5.0°). Minimum temperatures fell to zero or below on about 1/2 the mornings at Battle Mountain, falling to -11° on the 14th, and maxima could rise no higher than 39° on the afternoon of the 6th. It was also very cold at Owyhee (-15°), Manhattan (north of Tonopah, -15°), Winnemucca (-9°), and Ely (-19°). In fact, Ely minima averaged about the same as at Battle Mountain (3.3° vs. 3.2°) with 15 days of low temperatures at zero or below.

At the other end of the mercury, temperatures were near normal in the Lake Tahoe Basin (Glenbrook averaged only 0.8° below normal and Incline 0.5° below), in the Fallon $(+0.6^{\circ})$ and Austin $(+0.1^{\circ})$ areas, and in Southern Nevada (Boulder City -0.1°, and Las Vegas -0.2°). Laughlin recorded the warmest temperature in Nevada during January, with a 73° reading on the 20th. In fact, only one night dropped to the freezing mark at this mild Colorado River location at the southern tip of the State.

With below normal temperatures over much of Nevada, heating requirements were greater than normal, ranging from over 1300 heating degree day units in most of the Northeast and part of the Northwest (HI = 1483 at Battle Mountain) to less than 600 at lower elevations in Southern Nevada (LO = 424 at Laughlin).

PRECIPITATION

For the second consecutive month during the major precipitation producing portion of the year, and the second January in a row, rain/snow were well below normal in the Sierra Nevada portion of far Western Nevada. For example, in the Lake Tahoe Basin at Incline only 1.72" of precipitation (20% of normal) has fallen during the past 2 months (.84" in January), whereas the 2 month normal is 8.32"!

Continuing the trend of the past several months, part of Southern Nevada again experienced above normal precipitation, with Searchlight, the wettest recording spot in the State, receiving 1.44", nearly twice the normal amount. Nearby Laughlin was not far behind with 1.11", and Boulder City measured .97". Other wet spots in the State were Pioche (near Caliente) with 1.26", and Austin with 1.20", just a little above normal, and Tonopah, with .54", or about 1 3/4 times normal.

Preliminary data indicates that portions of the northern 1/3 of the State were the driest, with Dufurenna, west of Denio, (.10"), Montello, in the northeast corner of the State (.13"), and Orovada, north of Winnemucca (.15"), at the bottom of the precipitation gauge stick.

Snowfall was deficient over much of Nevada during January as most snow producing areas experienced below normal precipitation. The Austin area in the center of the State had the greatest reported snowfall, 16", which is 4" above average. Battle Mountain (9" vs an average 4") and Winnemucca (9" vs an average 7") were also above normal during January.

Even though the figure is below normal, the greatest recorded snow depth in Nevada at the end of January was 64" at 8500 foot Tahoe Meadows in the Carson Range near Incline. The upper Tent Mountain snow course at 8300 feet in the Ruby Mountains near Elko, had a snowfall of 59", which was near normal.

SUNSHINE AND WIND

Sunshine was above normal in Southern Nevada (e.g. Las Vegas 87% of normal, with an average of 76%) and in the northeastern 1/3 of the State (e.g. Winnemucca 64%, vs an average of 48%, and Ely 73% vs an average of 66%). In other portions of the Silver State Janaury sunshine hours were near or a little below normal (e.g. Reno 62% vs a normal of 66%).

Wind speeds were below normal in all but Southern Nevada, but no strong winds were recorded anywhere, including normally very windy 9700 foot Slide Mountain near Reno. This months peak gust there reached only 49 mph.

ADDENDUM

Additional December 1984 data is now available, indicating that Nevada's lowest temperature during that month was -35° , recorded at Wildhorse Reservoir, south of Owyhee. It was also -24° at Mountain City, also near Owyhee, and -26° at Deeth, near Elko.

1984 CLIMATE SUMMARY

1984 was a year of climatic contrast both in time and space, with unusual dryness in Western Nevada (e.g. Reno had only 4.28" or 57% of normal precipitaiton, Incline and Glenbrook 70%, and Fallon 72%), and record breaking and near record wettness in the South and parts of the Northeast. For example, Boulder City had

the wettest year since records began there in 1931, with 13.74" of rain (240% of normal), shattering the 1941 fall of 10.52"! Searchlight (167% of normal), Ely (164%), Winnemucca (166%) and Las Vegas (163%) were also well above normal.

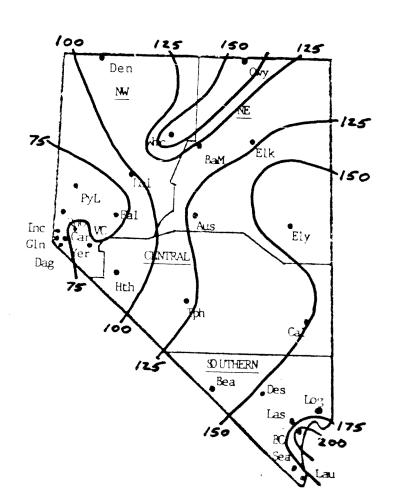
The table below summarizes the wettest and driest weather reporting sites in Nevada, both for total precipitation and for % of normal for 1984.

HIGHEST PRECIPITAT	ION TOTALS	LOWEST PRECIPITA	ATION TOTALS
Owyhee	22.29"	Fallon NAS Hawthorne Reno WSFO Yerington Tonopah	3.79"
Arthur	19.55		3.86
Ruby Lake	19.16		4.28
Incline	17.98		4.39
Daggett Pass	16.93		5.95
HIGHEST % OF NORMA	L PRECIP.	LOWEST % OF NORM	IAL PRECIP.
Boulder City Searchlight Ely Winnemucca Las Vegas Owyhee	240%	Reno WSFO	57%
	167	Glenbrook	70
	164	Incline	70
	164	Fallon NAS	72
	163	Yerington	80
	159	Hawthorne	84

 $\frac{\text{Nevada's wettest day in 1984}}{\text{Caliente}}$ - July 23rd - 4.09" fell at Elgin 3 SE (south of

1984 was a cooler than normal year over most of Nevada, with January, February, April, June, October and December being generally below normal, and March, May, August, and September above normal. When compared to normal, October and December were the coldest months and May the warmest. In fact, October was one of the colder 10th months on record in the State, with averages 4-6° below normal everywhere, and up to 8° below at Austin and Hawthorne. New low temperatures for so early in the Fall were set at Ely (5°), Austin (9°) and Searchlight (35°). Temperatures during December were below normal over all of Nevada, and well below normal in parts of the Central and NE regions, where averages were as much as 8° below normal. The mercury fell to $-35\,^\circ$ at Wildhorse Reservoir (south of Owyhee) on both December 17th and 18th for Nevada's lowest recorded temperature during 1984.

PERCENTAGE OF NORMAL PRECIPITATION 1984



On the warm side of 1984, during May temperatures were well above average over most of Nevada, with departures reaching over 7° above in Southern Nevada, where it was the warmest May on record. Several May temperature records were set, with 115° readings at both Laughlin and Las Vegas Wash the highest ever reported in Nevada during May.

Although temperatures during July were near normal, there was a noteworthy climatic occurrence, as extremely hot weather during the July 4th weekend produced temperatures of 120° or over at several locations along the shores of Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River. A 122° reading on July 5th at Las Vegas Wash tied the all-time Nevada record for any month, set at Overton in June 1954, and at Leeland (near Lathrop Wells in Southern Nye County) in August 1914.

NOTE: The State Climatology Office has a file of newspaper clippings concerning "weather happenings" in Nevada. We would appreciate receiving copies of any such items that your might run across. Thanks very much to Art Beeghly of the Battle Mountain Bugle and Ed Vogel of the Las Vegas Review Journal for using information from our Monthly Weather Summaries in their newspapers and sending us copies of those and other weather articles.

John W. James State Climatologist for Nevada

JANUARY 1985

PRELIMINARY NEVADA CLIMATE DATA

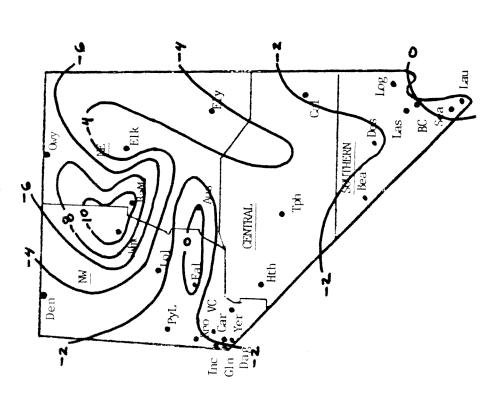
LOCATION	ELEV	WAX.	MIN	MEAN	DEPART	HIGHEST	LOWEST	HEATING DEGREE DAYS	DEPART	PRECIP	DEPART	GR 24HR	SNOWFALL
Northwest Carson City	4650	41.3	17.2	29.2	-4.2	. 18th 61	31st 5	1108	7 1	.36	-1.78		2"
Daggett Pass	7380	39.5	20.5	30.0	t	17th 58	13th 4	ą	ŧ	.73	i	8th .28	12
Denio	4185	36.9	16.1	26.5	ţ	21st 45*	30th 6*	I	l	.26	ĺ	8th	71/2/2
Dufurena	4800	36.1	11.1	23.6	1	18th 51*	13th -2	i	j	.10	į	31st .10	,
Fallon NAS	3935	40.2	19.9	28.5	9.0+	20th 50*	2nd 11*	1090	I	.24	20	7th	2
Glenbrook	9400	41.0	22.3	31.6	-0.8	20th 53*	30th 8	1030	+ 19	.87	-2.55	28th .47	9
Incline	6525	38.3	22.3	30.3	-0.5	18th 49	30th 9	I	ı	.84	-4.21	26th .39	13
Reno AP	4410	41.9	19.3	30.6	-1.6	19th 57	1st 12	1060	+ 43	.24	-1.00	26th .12	4 2/2
Reno UNR	4550	41.0	21.2	31.1	I	19th 54*	13th 12	1	I	.35	ì	26th .23	7
Virginia City	6340	37.6	21.1	29.4	-3.7	18th 58	31st 7	1105	+106	.29	-1.69	7th .09	ĸ
Winnemucca	4305	32.6	5.6	19.1	-10.7	6th 42*	31st -9*	1415	+324	.83	90	8th .73	6
Yerington	4375	41.3	17.2	29.5	-3.8	19th 55	13th 9	1112	+120	.19	41	8th .14	
Northeast Austin	9099	39.0	16.7	27.8	+0.1	18th 58	31st -3	1151	+ 82	1.20	+.15	7th .47	16
Battle Mountain	4350	31.2	3.20	17.2	-11.5	6th 39	14th -11	1483	+358	.76	+.09	8th .41	6

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SNOWFALL	52"	1/2	f	ŀ	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GR. 24HR	8th . 28	8th .28	ţ	¥ ś	2nd .30	8th .23	8th .13	7th .43	7th .68	7th .19	8th .80	8th .32	7th .70
DEPART	. 62	. 23	84	01	+ .05	+ .23	27	+ .39	ŀ	31	ı	ı	+ .70
PRECIP	. 54	64.	.53	.83	77.	. 54	.31	76.	62.	.19	1.1	.62	1.44
DEPART	+ 91	+143	+233	+ 13	+ 80	+107	l	- 1	69 +	- 3	I	ı	ŧ
HEATING DEGREE DAYS	(Base = 65°) 1331	1402	1389	1021	6101	1164	ē,	579	722	679	429	I	1
LOWEST	31st	31st -19	30th -15	31st 6	31st 13	13th 4	31st 15	31st 30	31st 19	24th 31	13th 32	31st 24	31st 19
HIGHEST	19th 45	19th 53	19th 47	19th 57	19th 52	19th 50	18th 65	20th 62	20th 66	20th 62*	20th 73	19th 68	18th 69
DEPART	-3.2	6.4-	-7.2	1.8	-3.0	-3.5	-1.0	01	-2.2	-0.2	ŧ	f	ŧ
MEAN	21.8	19.5	20.2	30.8	31.9	27.4	40.4	46.3	41.4	44.4	51.2	46.7	I
WIM		3,3	7.9	19.5	21.3	16.3	30.7	38.5	30.8	34.5	39.7	33.9	I
MAX	34.3	35.8	32.5	42.2	42.5	38.5	50.1	54.1	52.0	54.3	62.8	59.5	1
ELEV	5135	6260	2400	4865	4215	5425	3550	2525	3300	2170	550	1320	3540
LOCATION	Elko	Ely	Owyhee	<u>Central</u> Caliente	Hawthorne	Tonopah	Southern Beatty 8N	Boulder City	Desert Rock	Las Vegas	Laughlin	Logandale	Searchlight

*Latest of more than one occurrence

DEPARTURE OF MEAN TEMPERATURE FROM NORMAL (F°)

JANUARY 1985



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